

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Section 1. Identification of the material and the supplier

Product Name: Guardsman Fabric Protector

Product Use: Interior Fabric Protector Restriction of Use in NZ: Refer to Section 15

Manufacturer: Guardsman Australia Pty Ltd

13 Columbia Way Baulkham Hills NSW, 2153 Australia

Tel: 1800 249 252

Australian Emergency No 13 11 26 (National Poison Centre)

New Zealand Supplier: Guardsman Australia Pty Ltd

New Zealand Contact No: 0800 442 343

New Zealand Emergency No: 0800 764 766 (National Poison Centre)

Date of SDS Preparation: 26 June 2023

Section 2. Hazards Identification

Australia:

Classified as Hazardous according to the Globally Harmonised System of Classification and labelling of Chemicals (GHS) including Work, Health and Safety regulations, Australia

New Zealand:

This substance is hazardous according to the EPA Hazardous Substances (Classification) Notice 2020

EPA Approval No: Aerosols (Flammable) - HSR002515

Pictograms







Signal Word: **DANGER**

GHS Classification and Category	Hazard Code	e Hazard Statement	
Aerosol Cat. 1	H222	Extremely flammable aerosol.	
Skin sensitisation Cat. 1	H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.		
Reproductive toxicity Cat. 2	H361	Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child (more relevant for contractors rather than home use as exposure is less frequent).	

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Prevention Code	Prevention Statement
P103	Read carefully and follow all instructions.
P201	Obtain special instructions before use.
P202	Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
P210	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P211	Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.
P251	Do not pierce or burn, even after use.
P261	Avoid breathing dust, fumes, gas, mist, vapours or spray.
P272	Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.
P280	Wear protective clothing as detailed in Section 8.
P281	Use personal protective equipment as required.

Response Code	Response Statement
P363	Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
P302 + P352	IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.
P308 + P313	IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.
P333 + P313	If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

Storage Code	Storage Statement	
P405	Store locked up (Industrial settings only).	
P410 + P412	Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C.	

Disposal Code	Disposal Statement
P501	Dispose of according to Local Regulations or Authorities

Section 3. Composition / Information on Hazardous Ingredients

Ingredients	Wt%	CAS NUMBER.
Butane	5 - 15	106-97-8
Propane	5 - 15	74-98-6
Naphtha petroleum, heavy, hydrotreated	60 - 80	64742-48-9
Xylene	<0.5	1330-20-7
Ethyl Hexanediol	<0.5	94-96-2
White Spirit	1 - 5	8052-41-3

Section 4. First Aid Measures

Routes of Exposure:

several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice.

If on Skin If solids or aerosol mist are deposited upon the skin. Flush skin and hair

with running water (and soap if available). Remove any adhering solids

with industrial skin cleansing cream. DO NOT use solvents.

Seek medical attention in the event of irritation.

If Swallowed Not considered a normal route of entry. If accidentally swallowed rinse

mouth with water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious patient. If vomiting occurs give further water. Seek medical advice.

If Inhaled Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for

breathing. Remove contaminated clothing and loosen remaining clothing.

Keep at rest until fully recovered. Apply artificial respiration if not

breathing. Get medical advice if breathing becomes difficult.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed if used in large quantities

Symptoms: May cause an allergic skin reaction. Suspected of damaging fertility or the

unborn child (more relevant for contractors rather than home use as

exposure is less frequent).

Notes to Physician: Treat symptomatically.

Section 5. Fire righting measures	Section 5.	Fire Fighting Measures
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Hazard Type	Flammable Aerosol. Severe fire hazard when exposed to heat or
	flame. Vapour forms an explosive mixture with air.
	Severe explosion hazard, in the form of vapour, when exposed to
	flame or spark. Vapour may travel a considerable distance to source of
	ignition. Heating may cause expansion or decomposition with violent
	container rupture. Aerosol cans may explode on exposure to naked
	flames. Rupturing containers may rocket and scatter burning
	materials.
Hazards from	May emit acrid, poisonous or corrosive fumes.
products	On combustion, may emit toxic fumes of carbon monoxide (CO).
	Articles and manufactured articles may constitute a fire hazard where
	polymers form their outer layers or where combustible packaging
	remains in place. Certain substances, found throughout their
	construction, may degrade or become volatile when heated to high
	temperatures. This may create a secondary hazard.
Suitable	SMALL FIRE:
Extinguishing	Water spray, dry chemical or CO2
media	LARGE FIRE:
	Water spray or fog.
Precautions for	Wear breathing apparatus plus protective gloves. May be violently or
firefighters and	explosively reactive. Prevent, by any means available, spillage from
special protective	entering drains or water courses. If safe, switch off electrical
clothing	equipment until vapour fire hazard removed. Use water delivered as a
	fine spray to control fire and cool adjacent area. DO NOT approach
	containers suspected to be hot. Cool fire exposed containers with
	water spray from a protected location. If safe to do so, remove
	containers from path of fire. Equipment should be thoroughly
	decontaminated after use.
HAZCHEM CODE	None Allocated

Section 6. Accidental Release Measures

For <u>HOUSEHOLD</u> Settings:

Stop leak if safe to do. Absorb or wipe up spill. If can is damaged place can outside and dispose with general waste. Recycle where possible.

Personal precautions for **INDUSTRIAL** Settings:

Use protective clothing as detailed in Section 8. Avoid inhalation of vapours. Remove contaminated clothes. Rewash contaminated clothing before reuse. Clear area of all unprotected personnel. Clean up all spills immediately. May be violently or explosively reactive. Shut off all possible sources of ignition and increase ventilation. If safe, damaged cans should be placed in a container outdoors, away from all ignition sources, until pressure has dissipated. Undamaged cans should be gathered and stowed safely.

Environmental precautions for INDUSTRIAL Settings:

Do not discharge into drains and waterways.

Spill and Disposal procedures for **INDUSTRIAL** Settings:

Stop leak only if safe to so do. Water spray or fog may be used to disperse vapour. Absorb or cover spill with sand, earth, inert materials or vermiculite.

If safe, damaged cans should be placed in a container outdoors, away from ignition sources, until pressure has dissipated. Undamaged cans should be gathered and stowed safely. Collect residues and seal in labelled drums for disposal.

Dispose of waste safely, refer to Section 13.

Section 7. Handling and Storage

Precautions for Handling and Storage in <u>HOUSEHOLD</u> Setting:

- Use as directed on product label.
- Keep out of reach of children.

Precautions for Handling in **INDUSTRIAL** Setting:

- Read carefully and follow all instructions.
- Obtain special instructions before use.
- Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
- Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
- Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.
- Do not pierce or burn, even after use.
- Avoid breathing dust, fumes, gas, mist, vapours or spray.
- DO NOT spray directly on humans, exposed food or food utensils.
- Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.
- Wear protective clothing as detailed in Section 8.
- Use personal protective equipment as required.
- Avoid physical damage to containers.
- Always wash hands with soap and water after handling. Work clothes should be laundered separately.
- Keep dry to avoid corrosion of cans. Corrosion may result in container perforation and internal pressure may eject contents of can.

Precautions for Storage in INDUSTRIAL Setting:

- Store away from incompatible materials listed in Section 10.
- Store locked up.
- Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C.
- Store in original containers in approved flammable liquid storage area.
- DO NOT store in pits, depressions, basements or areas where vapours may be trapped.
- No smoking, naked lights, heat or ignition sources.
- Keep containers securely sealed. Contents under pressure.
- Store in a cool, dry, well ventilated area.
- Store in an upright position.
- Protect containers against physical damage. Check regularly for spills and leaks.
- Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated place and out of direct sunlight.
- Store away from foodstuffs.
- Store away from sources of heat and/or ignition.

Section 8 Exposure Controls / Personal Protection

WORKPLACE EXPOSURE STANDARDS (provided for guidance only)

Substance		TWA ppm	mg/m³	STEL ppm	mg/m³
Butane	[106-97-8]	800	1900	-	-
Xylene Stoddard solvent	[1330-20-7]	50	217	-	-
(White spirits)	[8052-41-3]	100	525	-	-

Workplace Exposure Standard – Time Weighted Average (WES-TWA). The time-weighted average exposure standard designed to protect the worker from the effects of long-term exposure. Workplace Exposure Standard – Short-Term Exposure Limit (WESSTEL). The 15-minute average exposure standard. Applies to any 15- Minute period in the working

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day and is designed to protect the worker against adverse effects of irritation, chronic or irreversible tissue change, or narcosis that may increase the likelihood of accidents. The WES-STEL is not an alternative to the WES-TWA; both the short-term and time-weighted average exposures apply. AUST: Workplace Exposure Standards For Airborne Contaminants Oct 2022. New Zealand: Workplace Exposure Standards and Biological Exposure Indices APRIL 2022 13TH EDITION.

Engineering Controls

General exhaust is adequate under normal conditions. If risk of overexposure exists, wear SAA approved respirator. Correct fit is essential to obtain adequate protection.

Provide adequate ventilation in warehouse or closed storage areas.

Air contaminants generated in the workplace possess varying "escape" velocities which, in turn, determine the "capture velocities" of fresh circulating air required to effectively remove the contaminant.

Personal Protection Equipment for <u>HOUSEHOLD</u> Setting:

Eyes	None required under normal conditions.	
Hands Always good practice to wear gloves.		
Respiratory None required under normal conditions.		

Personal Protection Equipment for **INDUSTRIAL** Setting:



Eyes	No special equipment required due to the physical form of the product.
Hands	Wear general protective gloves, eg. light weight rubber gloves.
	NOTE: The material may produce skin sensitisation in predisposed
	individuals. Care must be taken, when removing gloves and other
	protective equipment, to avoid all possible skin contact.
Skin	No special equipment needed when handling small quantities.
	OTHERWISE:
	Overalls.
	Skin cleansing cream.
	Eyewash unit.
	Do not spray on hot surfaces.
Respiratory	Respiratory protection not normally required due to the physical form of the
	product.

Section 9 Physical and Chemical Properties

Appearance	Aerosol
Colour	Not available
Odour	Not available
Odour Threshold	Not available
pH	Not available
Boiling Point	Not available
Melting Point	Not available
Freezing Point	Not available
Flash Point	-81°C
Flammability	Highly flammable aerosol
Upper and Lower	1.5% - 10%
Explosive Limits	
Vapour Pressure @20°C	0.004 kPa
Relative Vapour Density	0.694 (water =1)
Water Solubility	Immiscible
Partition Coefficient:	Not available
Auto-ignition	431°C
Temperature	
Decomposition	Not available
Temperature	

Viscosity	Not available
Particle Characteristics	Not available
Molecular weight	Not available

Section 10. Stability and Reactivity

Stability of Substance	This material is thermally stable when stored and used as directed.	
Possibility of hazardous	No data available.	
reactions		
Conditions to Avoid	Keep away from sources of ignition, heat and sparks.	
Incompatible Materials	Avoid reaction with oxidising agents.	
Hazardous Decomposition	Ion May emit acrid, poisonous or corrosive fumes.	
Products		

Section 11 Toxicological Information

Acute Effects:

Swallowed	This material has been classified as non-hazardous.	
Dermal	This material has been classified as non-hazardous.	
Inhalation	This material has been classified as non-hazardous.	
Eye	This material has been classified as an eye irritant.	
Skin	May cause an allergic skin reaction.	
Sensitisation	This material has been classified as not a skin sensitiser	

Chronic Effects:

Carcinogenicity	This material has been classified as non-hazardous.	
Reproductive	Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child (more relevant	
Toxicity	for contractors rather than home use as exposure is less frequent).	
Germ Cell	This material has been classified as non-hazardous.	
Mutagenicity		
Aspiration	This material has been classified as non-hazardous.	
STOT/SE	This material has been classified as non-hazardous.	
STOT/RE	This material has been classified as non-hazardous.	

<u>Individual component information:</u>

Acute Toxicity:

Chemical Name	Oral - LD50	Dermal - LD50	Inhalation – LC50
Butane	-	-	(Rat) LC50: 658000 mg/m3/4h
Propane	-	-	(Rat) LC50: 364726.819 ppm4h[2]
naphtha petroleum, heavy, hydrotreated	>8000 mg/kg(Rat)	Dermal (Rat)LC50: >11 mg/l / Dermal (Rat)LD50: >4000 mg/kg	(Rat) LC50: 3400 ppm/4h
Xylene	50 mg/kg(Human) LDLo: 50 mg/kg (Human) 2119 mg/kg (Mouse) 4300 mg/kg(Rat) Subcutaneous: 1700 mg/kg (Rat)	-	450 ppm/4h (Guinea Pig) TCLo: 200 ppm (Human) TCLo: 200 ppm/4h (Human) LCLo: 10000 ppm/6h (man) 5000 ppm/4h (Rat)
Ethyl hexanediol	>2600 mg/kg (Rabbit) >1400 mg/kg(Rat) >1900 mg/kg(Rat)		>4800 ppm/8h (rat)
White Spirit	>5000mg/kg (rat)	-	TCLo: 600 mg/m ³ /8h

	numan) 5500 mg/m³/4h
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Section 12. Ecotoxicological Information

This product is not hazardous to the environment.

Persistence and degradability

Ingredient	Persistence: Water/Soil	Persistence: Air
butane	LOW	LOW
propane	LOW	LOW
xylene	HIGH (Half-life = 360 days)	LOW (Half-life = 1.83 days)
ethyl hexanediol	LOW	LOW

Mobility in soil

Ingredient	
butane	LOW (KOC = 43.79)
propane	LOW (KOC = 23.74)
ethyl hexanediol	LOW (KOC = 10)

Toxicity:

Butane:

Endpoint	Test Duration (hr)	Species	Value	Source
LC50	96h	Fish	24.11mg/l	2
EC50(ECx)	96h	Algae or other aquatic plants	7.71mg/l	2
EC50	96h	Algae or other aquatic plants	7.71mg/l	2

naphtha petroleum, heavy, hydrotreated:

Test Duration (hr)	Species	Value	Source
48h	Crustacea	>0.002mg/l	2
96h	Algae or other aquatic plants	64mg/l	2
48h	Crustacea	>0.002mg/l	2
	48h 96h	48h Crustacea 96h Algae or other aquatic plants	48h Crustacea >0.002mg/l 96h Algae or other aquatic plants 64mg/l

Xylene:

Endpoint	Test Duration (hr)	Species	Value	Source
LC50	96h	Fish	2.6mg/l	2
EC50	72h	Algae or other aquatic plants	4.6mg/l	2
EC50	48h	Crustacea	1.8mg/l	2
NOEC(ECx)	73h	Algae or other aquatic plants	0.44mg/l	2

Ethyl hexanediol:

Endpoint	Test Duration (hr)	Species	Value	Source
NOEC(ECx)	48h	Crustacea	100mg/l	2
EC50	72h	Algae or other aquatic plants	>100mg/l	2
EC50	48h	Crustacea	>100mg/l	2
LC50	96h	Fish	624mg/l	4

White Spirit:

Endpoint	Test Duration (hr)	Species	Value	Source
NOEC(ECx)	720h	Fish	0.02mg/l	2
EC50	96h	Algae or other aquatic plants	0.277mg/l	2
LC50	96h	Fish	0.14mg/l	2

Legend: Extracted from 1. IUCLID Toxicity Data 2. Europe ECHA Registered Substances - Ecotoxicological Information - Aquatic Toxicity 4. US EPA,

Section 13. Disposal Considerations

Disposal Method:

Recycle wherever possible or consult manufacturer for recycling options. Discharge contents of damaged aerosol cans at an approved site. Allow small quantities to evaporate.

Precautions or methods to avoid: DO NOT incinerate or puncture aerosol cans.

Section 14 Transport Information

This product is classified as Dangerous Goods according to the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail (ADG Code) (7th edition).

This product is classified as a Dangerous Good for transport in NZ; NZS 5433:2020



Road, Rail, Sea and Air Transport

UN No	1950		
Class - Primary	2.1		
Proper Shipping Name	AEROSOLS (contains naphtha petroleum, heavy, hydrotreated)		
Marine Pollutant	No		
Special Provisions	Special Provisions: 63; 190; 277; 327; 344; 381		
	Limited Quantity: 1000ml		

Section 15 Regulatory Information

Australia:

Classified as Hazardous according to the Globally Harmonised System of Classification and labelling of Chemicals (GHS) including Work, Health and Safety regulations, Australia.

Not classified as a Scheduled Poison according to the Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP).

New Zealand:

This substance is classified hazardous according to the EPA Hazardous Substances (Classification) Notice 2020

EPA Approval Code: Aerosols (Flammable) - HSR002515

HSW (HS) Regulations 2017 and EPA Notices	Trigger Quantity
Certified Handler	Not required
Location Certificate	3 000 L (aggregate water capacity)
Tracking Trigger Quantities	Not required
Signage Trigger Quantities	3 000 L (aggregate water capacity)
Emergency Response Plan	1000L
Secondary Containment	1000L
Restriction of Use	Only use for the intended purpose.

Section 16 Other Information

Glossary

EC₅₀ Median effective concentration. EEL Environmental Exposure Limit. EPA Environmental Protection Authority

HSNO Hazardous Substances and New Organisms.

HSW Health and Safety at Work.

LC₅₀ Lethal concentration that will kill 50% of the test organisms

inhaling or ingesting it.

LD₅₀ Lethal dose to kill 50% of test animals/organisms.

LEL Lower explosive level.

OSHA American Occupational Safety and Health Administration.

TEL Tolerable Exposure Limit.

TLV Threshold Limit Value-an exposure limit set by responsible

authority.

UEL Upper Explosive Level WES Workplace Exposure Limit

References:

Australia:

- 1. Preparation of Safety Data Sheets for Hazardous Chemicals Code of Practice.
- 2. Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons.
- 3. Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road & Rail.
- 4. Model Work Health and Safety Regulations, Schedule 10: Prohibited carcinogens, restricted carcinogens and restricted hazardous chemicals.
- 5. Workplace exposure standards for airborne contaminants, Safe work Australia.
- 6. American Conference of Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH).
- 7. Globally Harmonised System of classification and labelling of chemicals.

New Zealand:

- 1. EPA Hazardous Substances (Safety Data Sheets) Notice 2017
- 2. Workplace Exposure Standards and Biological Exposure Indices APRIL 2022 edition.
- 3. Assigning a hazardous substance to a HSNO Approval (Aug 2013).
- 4. Transport of Dangerous goods on land NZS 5433:2020
- 5. HSW (Hazardous Substances) Regulations 2017

Disclaimer

This document has been prepared by TCC (NZ) Ltd and serves as the suppliers Safety Data Sheet ('SDS'). It is based on information concerning the product which has been provided to TCC (NZ) Ltd or obtained from third party sources and is believed to represent the current state of knowledge as to the appropriate safety and handling precautions for the product at the time of issue. Further clarification regarding any aspect of the product should be obtained directly from the manufacturer. While TCC (NZ) have taken all due care to include accurate and up-to-date information in this SDS, it does not provide any warranty as to accuracy or completeness. As far as lawfully possible, TCC (NZ) Ltd accept no liability for any loss, injury or damage (including consequential loss) which may be suffered or incurred by any person as a consequence of their reliance on the information contained in this SDS

The information herein is given in good faith, but no warranty, express or implied is made.

Please contact the Australian Manufacturer or New Zealand distributor, if further information is required.

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